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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/073,269	02/13/2002	Hiroki Konaka	401571	6817
23548 I EVDIC VOI	7590 06/14/2007 T & MAYER I TD	•	EXAMINER	
LEYDIG VOIT & MAYER, LTD 700 THIRTEENTH ST. NW		•	KUMAR, SRILAKSHMI K	
SUITE 300 WASHINGTON, DC 20005-3960			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2629	
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•			06/14/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/073,269	KONAKA ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Srilakshmi K. Kumar	2629				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tirr vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	I. lely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 28 M	<u>arch 2007</u> .					
·	, ——					
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under E	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45	3 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1 and 3-16</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw	vn from consideration.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1, 3-16</u> is/are rejected.	•					
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.					
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) □ acce	epted or b) objected to by the E	Examiner.				
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See	37 CFR 1.85(a).				
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correcti						
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)	-(d) or (f).				
Certified copies of the priority documents						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents	• •					
3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior	•	d in this National Stage				
application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of	, ,,	d				
det the attached detailed office action for a fist	or the definied depics het receive	u .				
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary					
 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) 	Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P					
Paper No(s)/Mail Date	6) Other:	• •				

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DETAILED ACTION

The following office action is in response to the amendment filed on March 28, 2007. Claims 1, 3-16 are pending. Claims 1, 6, 10 and 12 have been amended. Claims 13-16 are newly added.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 101

1. 35 U.S.C. 101 reads as follows:

Whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvement thereof, may obtain a patent therefor, subject to the conditions and requirements of this title.

Claim 16 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 because Claim 16 is directed to "A computer program for a user interface apparatus stored in a recordable medium and controlling a computer" which is directed to non-statutory subject matter as not being tangibly embodied in a manner so as to be executable. According to the USPTO Interim Guidelines for Patent Subject Matter Eligibility, computer programs are neither computer components nor statutory processes, as they are not "acts" being performed nor do they define any structural and functional interrelationships between the computer program and other claimed elements of a computer which permit the computer program's functionality to be realized. Therefore, a claim that recites language such as "A computer program...comprising..." is NOT statutory.

Applicant should note, however, that claims directed to a claimed computer-readable medium encoded with a computer program is a computer element which defines structural and functional interrelationships between the computer program and the rest of the computer which permit the computer's functionality to be realized, and is thus statutory. Applicant is directed to page 53 of the USPTO Interim Guidelines for Patent Subject Matter Eligibility for further information.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).
- 4. Claims 1, 3-16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Oldfield et al (EP 0622729 A2) in view of Love (EP 0262759 A1).

As to independent claim 1, Oldfield et al teach a user interface designing apparatus (page 2, lines 11-12), comprising; a composite display part (display, page 4, lines 1-21); wherein the composite display part is displayed to a user as part of a user interface designed by the user interface designing apparatus (page 2, lines 11-12 and page 4, lines 1-21); event handling editing means (shown by the interface server for handling different queries) for describing event handling for a transition in each of the composite display part (page 4, lines 13-21); elementary display part storing means (working memory area, page 6, lines 47-56) for storing elementary display parts designed previously (page 6, lines 47-56); and display editing means (page 7, lines

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30-47, where interfaces are edited and displayed) for adding/deleting elementary display parts to be displayed in each of the composite display part (page 4, lines 1-21).

Oldfield et al teach composite display part storing means for storing said composite display parts as designed (page 6, lines 47-56), wherein said display editing means is arranged to add/delete another composite display part designed (page 4, lines 1-21, page 6, lines 9-20).

Oldfield et al fails to teach different states and state set editing means for adding/deleting states. Love teaches a graphical user interface designing apparatus comprising a state set editing means (main control program of Fig. 5) for adding/deleting states (shown in col. 9, lines 34-55, where models are formed as shown by Fig. 2 and 3, and col. 10, teaches how the state set editing means adds new states or models). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include the plurality of states and the state set editing means as taught by Love into the user interface designing apparatus of Oldfield et al as the different states enables easy modification of the interfaces and displays (abstract of Love).

As to dependent claim 3, limitations of claim 1, and further comprising, Love teaches wherein said state set editing means groups several states of the composite display part in a grouped state and edits, en bloc, the display parts which are commonly displayed in the grouped state (col. 11, lines 1-55, teaches grouping and editing multiple states).

As to dependent claim 4, limitations of claim 1, and further comprising, Love teaches wherein said state set editing means is arranged to group several states of the composite display part in a grouped state (col. 11, lines 1-55), and Oldfield teaches said event handling editing means edits, en bloc, the event handlings which are common (page 4, lines 1-21, page 6, lines 9-20).

As to dependent claim 5, limitations of claim 1, and further comprising, Oldfield et al as modified by Love teach wherein the elementary display part stored in said elementary display part storing means has properties corresponding to size, position, external appearance, and behavior, and further comprising property editing means for editing the properties of the elementary display part added to each state or group of states of the composite display part (page 6, lines 47-56).

As to dependent claim 6, limitations of claim 5, and further comprising, Oldfield et al as modified by Love teach composite display part property setting means adding/deleting the properties representative of behaviors of the composite display part (page 4, lines 1-20 and page 6, lines 9-20), wherein said property editing means edits the properties of the composite display part added to each state or group of states of said composite display part (page 6, lines 9-20).

As to dependent claim 7, limitations of claim 5, and further comprising, Oldfield et al as modified by Love teach wherein said property editing means describes the properties of the elementary display part or, alternatively (page 7, lines 30-47), the composite display part by referencing values of the properties of another elementary display part or, alternatively, the properties of another composite display part (page 4, lines 1-21).

As to dependent claim 8, limitations of claim 5, and further comprising, Oldfield et al as modified by teach wherein said state display editing means displays, graphically, disposition of the elementary display part (page 4, lines 1-21) or, alternatively, the composite display part in each state or group of states of the composite display part while editing, graphically, properties and information concerning layout, such as size or dimension or inter-part relation, through direct manipulation with an input device (page 6, lines 47-56).

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As to dependent claim 9, limitations of claim 5, and further comprising, Oldfield et al as modified by Love teach wherein said state display editing means displays, graphically, disposition of the elementary display part (page 4, lines 1-21), or alternatively, the composite display part in each state or group of states of the composite display part while editing, graphically, properties and information concerning layout, inclusive of size or inter-part relation through direct manipulation with an input device, or alternatively, by activating directly a corresponding one of said property editing means (page 6, lines 47-56).

As to dependent claim 10, limitations of claim 2, and further comprising, Oldfield et al as modified by Love teach simulation means for simulating behavior of the composite display part stored in said composite display part storing means in conformance with manipulation input activated through an input device (page 7, lines 9-50).

As to dependent claim 11, limitations of claim 10, and further comprising, Oldfield et al as modified by Love teach visual display part storing means for storing virtual display parts having functions realized virtually by said simulation means (page 4, lines 1-21).

As to dependent claim 12, limitations of claim 10, and further comprising, Oldfield et al as modified by Love teach wherein said event handling editing means sets a virtual event and edits an event handling for the event (page 4, lines 1-21), and said simulation means issues the event, virtually, through an input/output device to simulate the processing for the virtual event issued, with a relevant composite display part (page 7, lines 9-50).

As to independent claims 13-15, see limitations set forth in claims 1, 3-12, above, further comprising, Oldfield teaches a user interface apparatus comprising input means (page 6, lines 3-

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5) for receiving information from an input device, display means (Fig. 1a, item 28) for displaying a user interface of a design subject apparatus on a display device.

As to independent claim 16, see limitations set forth in claims 1, 3-14 above, further Oldfield teaches a computer program for a user interface apparatus stored in a recordable medium and controlling a computer (page 2, line 55-page 3, line 9).

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments, see arguments, filed March 28, 2007, with respect to the rejection(s) of claim(s) 1-12 under 35 USC 102 have been fully considered and are persuasive. Therefore, the rejection has been withdrawn. However, upon further consideration, a new ground(s) of rejection is made in view of Oldfield et al (EP 0622729 A2) in view of Love (EP 0262759 A1).

With respect to applicant's arguments in regards to the plurality of states and the state set editing means, see new rejection in view of Love.

With respect to applicant's arguments in regards to where Oldfield fails to teach the event handler, Examiner, respectfully, disagrees. Oldfield teaches an event handler in the form of an interface server, which handles events or queries as shown in the rejection above, thus teaching the event handler.

With respect to means plus function as remarked by the applicant on page 12 of the response, as shown above, the claims are treated as set forth in MPEP 2181.

Therefore, the combination of Oldfield and Love teach the limitations set forth in the instant application. The rejection is non-final.

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Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Srilakshmi K. Kumar whose telephone number is 571 272 7769. The examiner can normally be reached on 9:00 am to 5:30 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Sue Lefkowitz can be reached on 571 272 3638. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Srilakshmi K Kumar Examiner Art Unit 2629

SKK June 9, 2007

> Dennis Doon Chow Primary Examiner